

CHILD KILLED; PARENTS DYING BY GAS POISON

For Thirty-six Hours
They Laid in Gas-
Filled Rooms.

ONE BOY ESCAPES.

Roused He Opened Window
and Shut Open Gascock
Then Slept Again.

COULDN'T WAKE OTHERS

Went to Hoboken, but Grand-
father Laughed at Him—Finally
Arouses a Neighbor.

Helen, the five-year-old daughter of Richard S. Sadler, living in three little rooms on the top floor of the model tenement at No. 512 West Forty-second street, was taken dead from the apartment today and her father and mother found lying on the floor.

But one of a family of four, thirteen-year-old Richard G. Sadler, escaped from the deadly fumes, and the story he told today to Capt. Hayes in the West Thirty-seventh street station would have been hard to believe had it not been for the fact that he had had plenty of corroboration.

The boy, who is a general favorite in the neighborhood, said that on Thursday night his father and mother and he and his little sister went to bed. He did not wake again until 7 o'clock last morning when he had to get up to open his eyes and crawl out of his little cot. He felt dull and heavy and the fumes of gas filled his nostrils. Picking his way into the kitchen he opened a window. Then he could feel the odor of gas was very powerful immediately about the stove. He could see the stove by the light thrown from a window across the shaft, and noticed that one of the coals was partly turned on and that a broom was leaning against it.

He turned the gas off and staggered back to his bed, falling across it and breath going off into a sound sleep. He woke again at 7 o'clock this morning and went to the front room of the flat to wake his father and mother. He could not wake them or his sister.

His first thought was of his grandfather, Patrick O'Grady, of No. 238 Hudson street, Hoboken. The window had been opened had carried off the fumes and he thought something else was the matter.

He went to his grandfather's house, but, he says, was only laughed at and told to go home again. He got to West Forty-second street at 10 o'clock. Finding all three of his relatives unconscious, he alarmed a Mr. O'Connell, a neighbor, and together they went to the West Thirty-seventh street station. Detective Collins and Rounds-O'Neill went back to the house with the boy.

They found the little girl was dead and the mother and father in a state of coma from which they could not be roused. Dr. Dingman, of the Roosevelt Hospital, took the parents to the hospital, saying they would probably never recover consciousness.

TROOPS WATCH STRIKING MINERS.

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—Draughts of police from most of the Prussian cities and detachments of constabulary are being sent into the strike district today, but only as a precaution, because no violence is reported.

The Mine-Owners' Association in consequence of the criticism of their refusal to meet the strike representatives have said that such persons represent only a part of the workmen and possess no discretionary power, thus conferences with them would be purposeless.

The strikers answer by quoting the statements of Emperor William to Herr Faber a mineowner and his associates during the strike of 1926, that even if strikers' delegates represented only a part of the workmen, "that makes no difference because an attempt to reach an understanding has a high moral value."

GERMAN WOMEN TAKE LEAD IN COAL STRIKE

BERLIN, Germany, Jan. 21.—According to reports from the Official Mine Bureau of the Dortmund district, embracing most of the strike field, the strikers today numbered 132,438 men, or 2,168 fewer than yesterday.

Two thousand wives of miners met here today and determined never to ask their husbands to go to the mines again unless their demands are granted.

KUROPATKIN'S GETS REINFORCEMENTS.

Russians Now Have 800,000 Men
Facing the Japs at Muk-
den—Japs Posted.

TOKIO, Jan. 21.—In well informed quarters here it is said that the Russian army at Mukden was recently reinforced by four divisions. Its present strength is estimated at nine army corps, or 800,000 men of all arms. Gen. Kuropatkin's headquarters are at Fong Mountain, in close touch with the Mukden-Fushun line.

The Russians lately have been heavily strengthening their wings. At present two and a half divisions are facing Gen. Oku, two corps are before Gen. Nodzu, and the greater strength of three corps confront a Gen. Kuroki and guards the coal mines in the vicinity of the Fushun Valley.

Between the opposing armies is a network of trenches. Kuropatkin's outposts are within 500 yards of the Russians entrenched along the line of ridges near Kwantlen Mountain. Cannoning and rifle firing are constantly taking place, but owing to the intense cold there seems to be no immediate likelihood of a great battle.

MOBS AWED, BUT CARNAGE FEARED

(Continued from First Page.)

Moscow and Nevsky gates will be cut off and all bridges will be guarded. Several batteries of artillery have been brought into the city.

PEOPLE IN TERROR

The agitation hitherto has been carried on with remarkable absence of actual violence, the committee of the union having issued instructions that everything be done as quietly as possible, and that no personal violence be offered the police. Street traffic in the leading thoroughfares is hardly interfered with.

Despite the energetic measures taken to insure the safety of the city, the inhabitants are in a state bordering on terror. The wildest rumors regarding the intentions of the mob are afloat and many small retailers did not open their shops this morning. An edict has gone forth that no shop must open to-morrow, when the great assemblage on the palace square is scheduled.

Although the authorities seemingly are determined to prevent it, preparations for the gigantic demonstration are proceeding, the men declaring that they are ready to die in their tracks.

A list of the 174 works closed as the result of yesterday's coercive measures shows that every industry is involved, including railway construction and electrical engineers. In view of the probable failure of the electric supply for stores and offices householders are laying in large stocks of candles. The public is nervous and excited and the opinion is freely expressed that the government will be forced to concede the demands of the men.

Father Gapon, who was reported to have been kidnapped during the night, is understood to be at large this morning, going from place to place organizing and directing everything. His dictum is that the meeting shall occur on the palace square no matter if it results in a massacre of the men. He says they must be resolved to do or die.

STRIKERS WILL GO ARMED.

It is noteworthy that the leaders are going back to the French Revolution for their parallels. The deputation sent to Tsarskoe-Selo was the march of the mob to Versailles.

The assemblage planned for to-morrow is likened to the march of the multitude wearing red caps of liberty to the Tuilleries to present their demands to Louis XVI.

While there is much talk that the troops may be overawed by the mob, the authorities do not manifest the slightest apprehension on this score. The Cossacks and the guard regiments, they declare, can be relied upon.

Two regiments of infantry have also been brought here from Riga. Nevertheless the authorities are extremely nervous, realizing that blood once spilled in the present temper of the excited men spurred on by Socialist agitators it is impossible to predict the end.

The Emperor's advisers, however, declare he must put down the agitation with a firm hand and that if he yields as Louis XVI. did at Versailles all may be lost, and the present resolution of the Government is not to give way.

While many drunken rows have occurred and a number of men have been injured no serious collisions have been reported.

GREAT NUMBER OF ARRESTS.

An enormous number of arrests of known revolutionists took place during the night.

An attempt will be made to close all the bakeries in order to threaten the city with famine. The workmen are also reported to have decided to cut the telephone and telegraph wires and cut off St. Petersburg altogether from communication with the outside world.

Altogether the situation is most critical. Father Gapon, when apprised that the Government proposed to prevent the demonstration to-morrow, issued instructions to the men that they must go to the palace square with their wives and children, "but the men must be armed," he is reported to have said. "We must first show we are peaceful. We have appealed in vain to the employers and to the bureaucracy. Our last hope is the Emperor himself. If he refuses to see us and orders the troops to disperse us then we must fight."

Father Gapon has had a guard of 400 sworn workmen formed to protect the Emperor from harm if he will come to the palace square to-morrow.

Among the rumors afloat is one to the effect that the famous Preobrazhensky Guard regiment has declared it would refuse to fire on the mob, but this, like many other sensational reports pertaining to widespread disaffection in the army, is not confirmed.

Reports just received here say that the strike has spread to Moscow, Kiev, Kharkoff, Kishineff and other large cities in the interior.

It has also been announced unofficially that the strikers have murdered M. Smirnov, manager of the Putloff Iron Works, where the strike started. He is said to have been slain in the night.

POPE SENDS ADVICE TO RUSSIAN CATHOLICS.

ROME, Jan. 21.—In the reports received at the Vatican regarding the internal situation in Russia it is announced that the crisis is considered to be a very grave one. The Russian Catholic Bishops are recommending to their flocks prudence and abstention from participation in the political movement, fearing repressive measures on the part of the anti-Catholics.

BAR TO REVIEW JUDGE HOOKER CASE.

Lawyers Call Special Meeting of
Association to Consider What
Action, if Any, Should Be Taken

Following the dropping of the charges against Justice Warren B. Hooker, of the Supreme Court, when they were brought up at the meeting of the State Bar Association in Albany, a call has been issued over the signatures of sixty prominent Republican and Democratic lawyers of this city calling a special meeting of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York to take action in the case.

The call states that the meeting will

STRIKING SIMILARITY IN APPEARANCE OF WOERZ AND TALBOT BANDITS.

Drawn from Descriptions by Artist Mortimer for The Evening World.



BANDIT REMAINS FREE, POLICE ALL AFTER HIM.

Hold-Up Robber Who Operated in Woerz and Talbot Homes Still
at Liberty Despite Efforts of Entire Police Department
Working Under Urgent Order of Commissioner McAdoo.

All through the night detectives from Police Headquarters, plainclothes men and detectives from police stations and men in the employ of private detective agencies scoured through the resident districts of the city which have been terrorized by robbers, and to-day they were still scouring, but there was no trace of the bandit who yesterday held up the home of Dr. R. B. Talbot, No. 37 West Sixty-eighth street.

That the man who entered the Talbot home, and at the point of a pistol demanded \$100 is the same who entered the home of Brewer E. G. Woerz, the police are now convinced. They believe also that the same man is guilty of some of the other, if not all, of the twelve hold-ups that have occurred in New York's fashionable residence centers. So bold have been these robberies that the police are divided as to the character of the robber for whom they are searching.

Police Utterly in Dark.

Whoever the robber is the police are no closer to him to-day than they were when Mr. Woerz reported his robbery one week ago last Monday. He is still at large, and the question is asked: "Where home will he enter next?"

Police Commissioner McAdoo, at the time of the Woerz hold-up, called George McCuskey, Inspector in charge of the Detective Bureau, before him and ordered that the bandit be caught. The Commissioner, aroused by the wave of crime that is prevalent through the upper west side section of the city and

shall be represented in order to protect its responsibility.

The American Government will take charge of the existing customs-houses and those hereafter to be created, and will name the employees necessary to their management, the duties they will exercise and their rights. These will be considered Dominicans and subject to the laws of the republic.

The Dominican Government will have at each custom-house, inspectors to behalf of its interests from after the date the contract takes effect. The present employees are to be considered as acting under its provisions.

Out of the revenues collected at the custom-houses of the republic, the American Government will deliver to the Dominican Government 45 per cent. of the total of the gross amount for the purpose of attending to the necessities of the budget. It is estimated that the first year \$300,000 will be receivable monthly.

The advance payments are divided into four installments in the following manner: \$15,000 on the 1st, 8th, 15th and 22d of each month.

In case the total revenues of the first or any subsequent year are less than \$300,000 the payments may be proportionately decreased.

Out of the 55 per cent. the American Government will pay the employees of the custom house 2-1/2 the interest on the amortization of the foreign and domestic debts. The whole surplus may remain and each fiscal year will be delivered to the Dominican Government and devoted to the payment of its debts.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. Druggists refund money if Pile Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

U. S. CONTROLS SAN DOMINGO

Government Takes Charge of
Island Finances, Assuming
Public Debt and Collecting
Customs—Contract Signed.

SAN DOMINGO, Republic of San Domingo, Jan. 21.—A protocol between the Dominican Government and the American Minister, Mr. Dawson, and Commander A. C. Dillingham, U. S. N., in behalf of the American Government, was signed yesterday.

The principal conditions are that the American Government guarantees the complete integrity of Dominican territory, agrees to undertake the adjustment of all obligations of the Dominican Government for sign and domestic, and the conditions of payments to adjust unreasonable claims and to determine the validity and amount of pending claims.

In the case of the appointment of one or more commissions to reach such an adjustment the Dominican Government

POLICE REVISE BATTLE PLANS

Irish and Swedes Had Agreed to
Fight It Out on Bridge This
Afternoon, But Capt. Hick-
man Averted Trouble.

If the carpenters and ironworkers employed on the new Belmont race-track in Nassau County had advertised their proposed battle extensively there would have been thousands at the scene this afternoon instead of Capt. Hickman and a squad of twelve policemen from Jamaica. There were forty Irish ironworkers and forty Swedish carpenters in the opposing forces. The ironworkers were to have used hammers and the carpenters hatchets, and the fight was to have been a finish. But, alas, the police interrupted the soiree.

Plans for the battle grew out of an encounter last Wednesday on a temporary bridge between Queens and Nassau Counties, between Oscar Welshman, a carpenter, and Robert Finerman, an iron worker. They started with their fists, and Robert was putting an artistic finish upon the rubicund countenance of his Scandinavian opponent when, according to the iron workers, Oscar lost control of his right foot.

It landed in the abdomen of Robert, and it was a kick for a goal. The surprised and anguished Finerman shot over the railing of the bridge and landed on a flat-car ten feet below.

The argument took place at the lunch hour, and there was nearly a general engagement, with massacre on the side, right there, but cool heads prevailed. An agreement was reached whereby the entire force of ironworkers and carpenters were to sign on the bridge at noon to-day and advance at a word of command.

News of the amicable arrangement reached John Russell, foreman of the iron workers, and he communicated with Capt. Hickman. This was the last day of the iron workers at the track, their part in the erection of the stands having been completed, and they were determined to cover the Hempstead Plains with the prostrate forms of Swedes.

Capt. Hickman and his reserves arrived at the bridge at a quarter of noon. The Captain took charge of the field of battle. He advised that the carpenters be paid at 12 o'clock, and that the day of the iron workers be withheld until all the carpenters had gone. This plan was followed and the battle was averted.

"But why," Capt. Hickman was asked when he returned to Jamaica, did you advise that the Swedes be paid before the Irish?"

"Because," responded Capt. Hickman, "if the ironworkers had been paid first they never would have gone until they got at the Swedes."

Which inspired some people to ask why such a wise captain should be buried in Jamaica.

ALLEGED CAR THIEVES CAUGHT

After Lively Battle with Clubs
and Pistol Shots, Police Cap-
ture Three Men Found Acting
Suspiciously on Tracks.

Three alleged car thieves were arrested early to-day on the railroad tracks near West Ninety-ninth street after a lively fight with the police, at the identical spot where Policeman Cavanaugh was killed in a similar affray six months ago.

Policeman David McNeil, of the West One Hundredth street station, early to-day notified three men on the tracks apparently working around the cars which were sidetracked at that point. The district has been a regular resort for a gang of railroad thieves for some time, and the police have been warned to keep a sharp lookout for these characters and to guard themselves making arrests, as they are known to be desperate men, who will not stop at murder.

McNeil went in search of help and found Policeman Griber and two others. The four men proceeded to surround the men, who were still working on the cars, apparently breaking the seals and attempting to pry open the doors, according to the report of the policemen.

When they closed in on the suspects a lively fight ensued in which clubs and revolver bullets were used, but no shots were fired.

When the prisoners were at last secured and taken to the station they gave their names as Frederick Bollwage, twenty-two years old, of No. 561 East One Hundred and Forty-third street; James H. Connor, forty years old, of Rome, N. Y., and George Gannon, twenty-four years old, of No. 105 Bowery.

SIX CAPTAINS SHIFTED; TITUS UNDER CHARGES

McAdoo Again Seeks to
Shake Kinks Out of
the Police Force.

FORMOSA CHANGED

New Detective Chief Named
for Brooklyn and New Pre-
dict Is Established.

Commissioner McAdoo switched around six police captains to-day and announced the creation of a new precinct in Williamsburg. The most important transfer was that of Capt. Formosa, who has been in charge of the Brooklyn Detective Bureau for a long time. He was relegated to the Hamilton Avenue Station, and Capt. Patrick J. Harkins, who has been commanding the Bedford Station, was sent to take charge of the Detective Bureau.

Shortly before the charges were announced charges were preferred by Commissioner McAdoo against Inspector Titus, of the Second Inspection District. Titus will be suspended without pay and will be called to trial as soon as possible. The complaint against him is the direct result of recent unsatisfactory reports of the conditions in the Mercer Street Station, which is in his district.

Makie Charges Without Comment.

The Commissioner was not at Police Headquarters when the news of the transfers was made public. His secretary, William Howell, gave out a typewritten sheet on which the names of the officers and their switching about was written without comment.

Capt. Edward Gallagher, who last week was sent from the East Twenty-second Street Station, in his borough, to the Hamilton Avenue Station, in Brooklyn, is sent again on his way to the Bedford Avenue Station. Capt. John F. Gardiner, who has been detailed at Brooklyn headquarters for some time, has been named to take charge of a new precinct to be called the Williamsburg Bridge Station. He will have under his command three sergeants, one roundsman and ninety-seven policemen.

Capt. John Riordan, who has been having an idle time in the Mulberry Street Headquarters, is sent to the Brooklyn Headquarters, where he is expected to be active in helping to the new commander of the Detective Bureau. The last transfer is that of Capt. Charles Albertson (formerly inspector) from Mulberry Street to take charge of the Harbor Squad during the illness of Capt. Dean.

Case of Formosa's Trouble.

Secretary Howell said, for the Commissioner, that the reason Capt. Formosa was sent out of the Brooklyn Detective Bureau was that he did not keep in close enough touch with Deputy Commissioner Farrell and his other superior officers in the sister borough. Mr. Howell said that Mr. McAdoo regarded Capt. Harkins as a thorough officer, and expected that he would do as he was commanded and keep in constant touch with the deputy commissioner and the inspectors of the borough. Capt. Harkins is forty-five years old, and has been a captain eight years.

The charges against Inspector Titus deal with conditions in the Mercer street precinct, which is in Titus's district. Capt. Titus is already under charges resting on the same conditions. Inspector Schmittberger, of the First District, will take charge of the Second District in his place. He has the backing of Tammany Hall and Mayor McClellan.

Big Fund Raised.

The secret organizations of the police roundsmen and captains, sergeants, hands in raising money to be sent to Albany to fight bills for police reform which will be introduced at the request of Commissioner McAdoo and the City Club. The passage of either of these bills would kill the police independently of the first bill, which would be a separate fund to promote a bill for an increase in their salaries.

The inspectors and captains' organization at a recent election made one of the oldest inspectors in the department president and another inspector vice-president. The patrolmen are to meet next week to decide on the size of the assessment.

Within the next month Commissioner McAdoo hopes to force fifteen captains and five inspectors who have outlived their usefulness as policemen out of the department. To do this he will utilize the Board of Surrogates. There is a bitter feeling against this decision. The Commissioner is becoming extremely unpopular in certain elements in the department, but the conscientious ones are standing by him.

Will Fight Tooth and Nail.

This would be a body blow at the Police Department, and the men will fight the measure tooth and nail. In addition to the bill to send up for opposition to the McAdoo bill the inspectors, captains and sergeants will send a separate fund to promote a bill for an increase in their salaries.

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40 cents to 100 cents.
Solely sold by R. B. Rucker, 214 Ave. and 24th St.

BRYAN MEETS ROOSEVELT AT WHITE HOUSE

Comments the Presi-
dent on His Policy of
Rates and Trusts.

A WARM GREETING.

Supposes He Will Now Be
Accused of Being a
Republican.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—William B. Bryan called on President Roosevelt at the White House to-day. He was cordially greeted by Mr. Roosevelt as well as by a number of Republican Senators and Representatives who happened to be in the Executive offices at the time of his visit.

"You are certainly looking well, Mr. Bryan," said Senator Cullom, of Illinois, as they shook hands. "Yes, but I am a little too fat. I could spare you some of my flesh," said the Nebraska senator, who looked at the thin form of the Illinois Senator.

Cordially Greeted.

Mr. Bryan was ushered into the Cabinet room, which was filled with people. The President was engaged in an adjournment room with Senator Proctor, but as soon as he learned that the old Democrat was in the Cabinet room, he went to him and grasped his hand cordially.

"Come in here," said the President, and piloted Mr. Bryan into his private room, where, joined by former Senator Jones of Arkansas, they remained five or ten minutes.

At the conclusion of the interview Mr. Bryan said to newspaper reporters that his talk with the President had been cordial and satisfactory and that they had discussed several matters.

"It was a pleasure to commend his attitude on some things," said Mr. Bryan.

President Right.

"I suppose I will now be accused of being a Republican because I agree with President Roosevelt's views on some things. I think the President is unmistakably right in his demands as to railroad legislation, and I told him so. I also think that Mr. Gardiner, of the Bureau of Corporations, is right in recommending that corporations be required to take out Federal licenses. I likewise believe in an income tax and hope to see it brought about."

"How can it be brought about?" Mr. Bryan suggested.

Mr. Bryan said he would leave Washington to-morrow and return to his home in Nebraska, where he is scheduled to attend two meetings.

ANN STREET POOL. ROOM IS RAIDED

Capt. Hodgins and Oak Street
Squad Sweep Down on Nos.
1 and 3.

Police Captain Hodgins, of the Oak Street station, with a corps of men and detectives, raided a pool-room at Nos. 1 and 3 Ann street late to-day.

Several prisoners were taken to the station-house, together with a patrol wagon full of pool-room paraphernalia and several telephones. The pool-room was located on the fifth floor of the building and always heretofore difficult of access to any invading party. The place is reported to have been conducted by one Morris Bolt.

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DIED.

ARMSTRONG—Jan. 20, 1935. MARY ARMSTRONG, 218 W. 55th St.
CLARK—On Friday, Jan. 20, 1935. CATHERINE CLARK, beloved wife of George E. Clark.
Funeral from her late residence, 25 Broad St., New York, Sunday, 2 P. M.

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